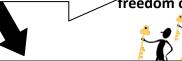
Citizen's Role (power)

MANY RIGHTS (ex. voting freedom of speech, freedom of religion, freedom of press)





- Rule by One: One person possesses unlimited power
- The citizen has almost no role in government
- Ruler is a monarch (ex. King/Emperor) or dictator



- Rule by a Few (group): A small group exercises control
- The citizen has a very limited role in government

Democracy

- Rule by All: Citizens vote on government representatives & on specific issues
- People have the most power
- Ruler is usually a president or a prime minister





- Citizens unwillingly follow the ideas of a single leader
- The Government controls all parts of citizens' lives through military force or threats
- Citizens don't have the power to change their ruler

Absolute Monarchy

- Monarch (King/Queen/ Emperor) has unlimited power
- Ruler's power is usually inherited (from parents or other relatives)
- Citizens don't have the power to change their ruler

Theocracy

- Citizens may only elect leaders from a group of religious experts
- Leaders claim to rule on the behalf of a god
- Elected religious experts make God's laws into government laws

Communism

- Citizens may only elect leaders from the Communist Party
- The Communist political group holds all the power in the government
- The communist government plans and controls the economy

Constitutional Monarchy

- Monarch (King/ Emperor) must follow the laws of the constitution and is usually a figure-head (symbol)
- Citizens can elect representatives from any group to rule and make laws for them
- Citizens can vote out their leaders if they don't like how ey are

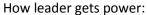
Republic

- Citizens can elect representatives from any group to rule and make laws for them
- Citizens can vote out their leaders if they don't like how they are governing



How leader gets power:







How leader gets power:



How leader gets power:



How leader gets power:



How leader gets power:





